REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS FOR READOPTION AND AMENDMENTS TO 15A NCAC 02P COMMERCIAL LEAKING PETROLUM UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLEANUP FUND

December 9, 2021, Revised July 14, 2022

General Information

Agency/Commission:	Environmental Management Commission (EMC)
Department:	Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Division of Waste Management Underground Storage Tank Section
Contact:	Wayne Randolph Trust Fund Branch Head (919) 323-7443 wayne.randolph@ncdenr.gov
Title of Rule Set:	Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund
Citation:	15A NCAC 02P
Authority:	§143-215.94B & E provide authority for the EMC to adopt and the DEQ to implement and enforce rules relating the administration of the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund. State rules governing the administration are found in Title 15A, Subchapter 02P.
Impact Summary:	State government: Yes, in benefits only Local government: Yes, in benefits only Private Sector: Yes, in benefits only Substantial impact: No Federal Requirement or Impact: No

Proposed Rule-Making Schedule:

Action / Responsibility	Date
GWWMC - Approval of Rule Text and RIA to go to EMC	January 12, 2022
EMC - Approval of Rule Text and RIA for public comment	March 10, 2022
Public Comment Period	April 18, 2022 – June 17, 2022
Earliest Date for Public Hearing	May 3, 2022
EMC - Approve Hearing Officer's Report and RIA, Adopt	
Rules	July 14, 2022
RRC Meeting - Approval of Rule Text	August 18, 2022
Proposed Effective Date	September 1, 2022
Readoption Deadline	January 31, 2023

Necessity and Purpose of Rule Change

It is the responsibility of the Department of Environmental Quality (Department) Division of Waste Management (Division) Underground Storage Tank Section (Section) to implement and enforce rules relating to the administration of the commercial leaking petroleum underground storage tank (UST) cleanup fund under the statutory authority of G.S. 143-215.94B & E. State rules governing UST fund administration are found in Title 15A, Subchapter 02P of the North Carolina Administrative Code. The existing rules establish criteria and procedures for the reimbursement of costs incurred by owners, operators, and landowners from the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund.

Rule .0101 was determined to be necessary without substantive public interest effective March 6, 2018, pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A; but this rule is proposed for amendment to make minor updates and clarifications.

Rule .0102 is proposed for repeal because it is unnecessary, since copies of the rules can be found on the website of the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) or the Department's website. Note that no fiscal note is required for rules proposed for repeal per G.S. 150B-21.4(d).

Rule .0103 and Sections .0200, .0300, and .0400 are proposed for readoption in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.3A and are required to be readopted by the Environmental Management Commission (EMC) by the deadline established by the Rules Review Commission (RRC) of January 31, 2023.

Baseline

The baseline for the proposed rule changes are the existing rules in 15A NCAC 02P; existing statutory requirements in Article 21A of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes (G.S. 143-215.75 to 143-215.104AA); 40 CFR 280; and existing permits issued by the Division for permitted UST facilities.

<u>Session Law 2015-241, Section 14.16A</u>, effective September 18, 2015, is also a part of the baseline because it revised G.S. 143-215.94B and D and directly implemented the change to phase out the Noncommercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund. The Department has been operating in compliance with the changes made by the Session Law since it became effective.

Summary of Rule Changes

The majority of the proposed amendments include technical changes such as corrections; updates to information such as Department name, addresses, websites, and references; clarification of vague or unclear language; typographical edits; citation updates; and removal of redundant or unnecessary language. Amendments are also proposed to remove references to the leaking petroleum noncommercial UST cleanup fund, which was phased out, to be consistent with the changes made to G.S. 143-215.94B and D under S.L. 2015-241, Section 14.16A as described in the baseline above.

Section .0100

The proposed amendments to Rules .0101 and .0103 make technical updates and provide clarification. Rule .0102 is proposed for repeal since it is no longer necessary.

Section .0200

The proposed amendments to Rules .0201 and .0202 make technical updates, provide clarification, and remove references to noncommercial USTs. Proposed amendments to Rule .0202 add some definitions for clarification and remove some definitions that are no longer necessary. Note that the definition for "dual-usage tank," and the reference to this term in the definition for "underground storage tank" are proposed to be removed because this definition is obsolete and not entirely accurate. It primarily referred to systems that store fuel for both heating and emergency generators. This definition is obsolete, because the term "commercial underground storage tank" is defined in G.S. 143-215.94A(2). If a tank meets the minimum criteria in this definition, then it may be eligible. If it does not meet the criteria in this definition, it is not eligible, and S.L. 2015-241 phased out eligibility for noncommercial tanks.

Section .0300

The amendments to Rule .0301 are proposed to replace the requirements in rule with a reference to the applicable general statute. The rule language is redundant since the fee requirements are in statute.

The proposed amendments to Rule .0302 add three additional documents required to be submitted to the Department with the notification that they are acquiring ownership of an existing commercial UST. While they appear to be new rule text, they are documents that are required to be generated regardless of this proposed rule text, and the proposed amendment is only requiring that these documents also be submitted to the Department in order for the notification to be considered complete.

Proposed Item (5) requires the submittal of any existing Notice of Residual Petroleum that has been recorded for any known release on that property. This Notice is required to be completed and recorded by G.S 143B-279.9 and 279.11; and would have been required to be completed by the prior owner if a prior release had occurred. Item (6) requires submittal of a simple statement written by the new owner as to whether they intend to accept liability for any previous release, but this proposed amendment does not require that they do or not accept that liability. Item (7) requires submittal of the ownership transfer document, which would have been generated as a part of the transfer of ownership, regardless of the proposed amendment.

The Department has been requiring the submittal of the documents for the transfer of ownership and the Notice of Residual Petroleum under existing rules in order to determine compliance with existing regulations for a transfer of ownership of a UST, so adding these documents to the rule is putting into rule what is being done in practice under existing rules. Had the Department not already been requiring these documents, adding the requirement to submit the existing documentation would require minimal effort on the part of the new owner.

Adding the documents to the rule provides clarification of what will be necessary to determine compliance with existing rules for Department staff and the new owner. Also, the statement of acceptance of liability is a new requirement, but, as mentioned above, is just a simple statement acknowledging who accepts liability, because accepting liability determines who is eligible to apply for reimbursement, and liability can be transferred. Under existing rule, one party or the other has always had to accept the liability, but documentation of this information was not necessarily required to be submitted at the time of application.

Section .0400

The proposed amendments to Rules .0402, .0403, and .0406 only make technical corrections, provide clarification, and/or clarify or remove references to noncommercial USTs. The proposed amendment to Rule .0402(b)(1) clarifies that, because the noncommercial fund was phased out, no costs associated with noncommercial tanks are eligible for reimbursement, regardless of the date.

Rule .0401

The existing language in Subparagraphs (a)(2) and (a)(3) is proposed to be deleted because it was applicable only to noncommercial underground storage tanks, and this fund has been phased out as mentioned previously. The existing language in Subparagraph (a)(4) is also proposed to be deleted to be consistent with G.S. 143-215.94B, which provides the eligibility criteria and timeframes, and therefore such criteria should not also be in rule. The criteria in the statutes were also updated by S.L. 2015-241, and the Department has been enforcing the updates since the session law was effective.

The language proposed to be added to Subparagraphs (a)(2), (3), and (4) are intended for clarification of existing rule and statute requirements. The language added to Subparagraph (3) is intended to clarify that the eligible party is defined in Paragraphs (b) through (d), and even though there may be more than one eligible party, only one eligible party can be reimbursed at a time.

The language added to Subparagraph (a)(4) is intended to clarify situations where a release at a site has been cleaned up and the site has received a No Further Action letter including a Notice of Residual Petroleum (i.e., contamination is still present, but at levels below risk-based closure standards), but where additional cleanup later becomes necessary. It allows a responsible party to apply for eligibility and receive credit for reimbursable cleanup costs incurred, while making it clear that when such costs have not already been reimbursed, the statutes of limitations apply. *

The proposed language is intended to prevent a situation where a new owner is forced to negotiate over eligibility with a previous owner who has no involvement with the current release and does not intend to participate in cleaning it up. This proposed language is being added to clarify and put into rule what is already being done in practice by the Department when making eligibility and reimbursement decisions under existing rule; and to be consistent with the statute requirements.

The amendment to the end of Paragraph (b) is proposed to make the rule consistent with the language in G.S. 143-215.94B(b), which states in part:

"(b) The Commercial Fund shall be used for the payment of the following costs up to an aggregate maximum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per occurrence resulting from a discharge or release of a petroleum product from a commercial underground storage tank:

(11) Where the owner of the commercial underground storage tank is the owner only as a result of owning the land on which the commercial underground storage tank is located, the owner did not know or have reason to know that the underground storage tank was located on the property, and the land was not transferred to the owner to avoid liability for the commercial underground storage tank."

Rules .0404(b) and .0405(b)

The proposed amendments to Rules .0404(b) and .0405(b) to state that proof of completion of work must be submitted in addition to proof of payment are intended to clarify the rule requirement to be consistent with and allow the Department to determine compliance with both G.S. 143-215.94E(j) and (k) (to prove that the task has been completed) and G.S. 143-215.94G(b) (to prove that expenditures have been paid). The Department has never issued a reimbursement for incomplete or unpaid work in compliance with the statute requirements.

Rule .0407

The amendment to add Paragraph (c) is proposed to allow the regulated community a choice of appealing a decision informally without being forced to potentially file a petition prematurely in order to preserve their appeal right concerning the expiration of the 60-day time limit established by G.S. 150B-23. The Administrative Procedures Act (APA, G.S. 150B) itself, along with case law interpreting the APA, determines whether a decision is an "agency decision," eligible to be appealed under the APA. The proposed amendment will not prevent a person from formally appealing when they have that right, but rather allows them to attempt to appeal internally first to avoid having to file a full contested case when someone still hopes to work a situation out through additional discussion with the Department, or by providing additional information, etc. The proposed amendment does not modify the APA requirements or deadlines; but creates a process that gives the regulated community an additional decision point, which will also be appealable under the APA.

Upon receipt of a decision, a person may file a petition with the Office of Administrative Hearings (OAH) or appeal it informally with the Department. If they elect to appeal it informally, another decision is issued by the Department after the proposed informal appeal process, and that decision also may be contested via a petition filed with OAH. The proposed informal process does not cause the person to lose their appeal rights at OAH; but gains additional time to discuss the matter with the Department, which could eliminate the need to ever challenge a decision in OAH, thereby saving time and unnecessary cost for the regulated community and also saving time for state employees. The time and money saved would be difficult to quantify since the Department cannot predict how often requests for reimbursement will be rejected, how often the person requesting would appeal the decision, or how often an appeal could have been prevented through informal discussion.

Fiscal Analysis

The entities that have the potential to be affected by the proposed amendments are existing and future regulated UST facilities permitted by the Division, which may be owned by private entities or state and local governments. However, because the amendments are proposed to make the rules consistent with existing general statutes and current Division practices, or are technical or clarifying changes only, the amendments are not expected to impose any costs to existing or future regulated USTs.

The proposed amendments do not cause any impacts to state or local governments that do not own or operate USTs. The proposed amendments do not cause any impacts to private households since they do not own or operate commercial USTs. The proposed amendments are not expected to impact public health or the environment because they do not change the frequency of inspection

of permitted USTs or affect the Division's ability to take enforcement action for non-compliance.

Any impacts from the phase-out of the Noncommercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund are impacts caused by the Session Law changes to the General Statutes in 2015; and are not caused by the proposed amendments.

Benefits

The proposed amendments provide clarity to future applicants in preparing applications for eligibility to the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund, and reimbursement from it; and provide clarification to the applicant on the Division's procedures for this process, which may reduce the applicant's time spent in preparing the application. The proposed amendments also provide a benefit to state government employees in the Division by providing clarity in the eligibility requirements and enforcement of the requirements.

Also, the proposed amendment to Rule .0407, which adds an informal appeal process for the determination for reimbursement, reduces the burden on both the regulated community and state government, by providing an informal process that may prevent the unnecessary filing of a formal petition for a contested case with OAH. Note that no fiscal note is required to be prepared for amendments that impose a less stringent burden on regulated persons as a part of the readoption process, per G.S. 150B-21.3A(d)(2).

<u>Summary</u>

Based on the above analysis, the proposed amendments are not expected to have an annual aggregate impact to the affected parties of greater than or equal to \$1 million; and are not expected to impact state or local governments, private households, or public health or the environment, with the exception of providing a benefit through clarification to applicants and to state employees, and benefit of adding an informal appeal process.

1	15A NCAC 02I	2.0101 is amended as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:
2		
3	SUBCHAPT	ER 02P - <u>COMMERCIAL</u> LEAKING PETROLEUM UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK
4		CLEANUP FUNDS <u>FUND</u>
5		
6		SECTION .0100 - GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS
7		
8	15A NCAC 02	P.0101 GENERAL
9	(a) The purpos	e of this This Subchapter is to establish establishes criteria and procedures for the reimbursement of
10	costs incurred b	y owners, operators, and landowners from the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage
11	Tank Cleanup I	unds. Fund.
12	(b) The Ground	water Section Underground Storage Tank (UST) Section, hereafter referred to as "the Section," of the
13	Division of En	vironmental Waste Management of the Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources
14	<u>Environmental</u>	Quality (DEQ), hereafter referred to as "the Department," shall administer the Commercial and
15	Noncommercial	Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Funds Fund for the State of North Carolina.
16	(c) As authoriz	ed by G.S. 14-3215.94G, the Department may engage in cleanup work it deems appropriate and pay
17	the costs from t	ne Noncommercial Fund in accordance with G.S. 143215.94D.
18	(d)(c) The Depa	artment may engage in investigations assessment and eleanups remedial work pursuant to the authority
19	as set forth in	G.S. 143-215.94G in accordance with the severity of threat to human health and safety and to the
20	environment, <u>15</u>	A NCAC 02L and subject to the availability of resources, as determined by the Division. Department.
21		
22	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.76; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94D; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94G;
23		143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 143B-282;
24		Eff. February 1, 1993;
25		Amended Eff. September 1, 1993;
26		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. March 6,
27		2018. <u>2018:</u>
28		<u>Amended Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>

1	15A NCAC 02P.	0102 is repealed as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 02P	.0102 COPIES OF RULES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE
4		
5	History Note:	Authority G.S. 12-3.1(c); 143-215.3; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 143B-282; 150B-21.6;
6		Eff. February 1, 1993;
7		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. March 6,
8		2018. <u>2018:</u>
9		<u>Repealed Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>

- 1 2
- 15A NCAC 02P .0103 is readopted as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:

3 15A NCAC 02P .0103 FALSE OR MISLEADING INFORMATION

4 Any owner or operator If any owner, operator, or authorized agent who knowingly submits any false or misleading 5 information with regard to these the Rules may rules of this Subchapter, and if the false or misleading information 6 results in delay of any efforts to stop the discharge or release, results in delay of detection of any portion of the 7 discharge or release, or results in delay of investigatory or remedial activities, then that owner, operator, or authorized 8 agent shall be considered to be contributing to a discharge, discharge or release, interfering with the mitigation of a 9 discharge, discharge or release, or preventing the early detection of a discharge or release pursuant to G.S. 143-10 215.94E(g)(1). 143 215.94E(g)(1) if the false or misleading information results in delay of any efforts to stop the release or discharge, results in delay of detection of any portion of the discharge or release, or results in delay of 11 investigatory or remedial activities. 12 13 14 History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 143B-282; 15 Eff. February 1, 1993. 1993; 16 Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.

1	15A NCAC 02P .0201 is readopted as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:
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3	SECTION .0200 - PROGRAM SCOPE
4	
5	15A NCAC 02P .0201 APPLICABILITY
6	(a) This Subchapter shall apply to the disbursement of funds from the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground
7	Storage Tank Cleanup Fund and Noncommercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund, and
8	to the collection of annual operating fees.
9	(b) Any portions of this Subchapter which concern annual tank operating fees apply to all owners and operators of
10	Commercial Underground Storage Tanks that have been in use in North Carolina on or after January 1, 1989.
11	(c) This Subchapter shall apply to discharges or releases from noncommercial or commercial underground storage
12	tank systems, regardless of whether such systems are regulated under Subchapter 2N of Title 15A, of the North
13	Carolina Administrative Code. 15A NCAC 02N.
14	
15	History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94C; 143-215.94D; 143-215.94E;
16	143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 143B-282;
17	Eff. February 1, 1993. <u>1993;</u>
18	Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.

1 2 15A NCAC 02P .0202 is readopted with changes as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:

3 15A NCAC

15A NCAC	02P .0202	DEFINITIONS

4	(a) The Definition	ons for "Criteria and Standards Applicable to Underground Storage Tanks" contained definitions in	
5	15A NCAC 2N 02N .0203 are hereby incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions,		
6	except that apply for the purposes of this Subchapter, except the definition of "Underground Storage Tank" shall be		
7	as defined in Sub	pparagraph (b)(12) of this Rule.	
8	(b) The followin	g terms are defined for use in this Subchapter:	
9	(1)	"Annual operating fee" is an means the annual fee established in G.S. 143-215.94C that is required	
10		to be paid to the Department by the owner or operator of each commercial underground storage tank	
11		tank, as defined in G.S. 143-215.94A, in use on or after 1 January of the year, beginning with 1989.	
12		January 1, 1989.	
13	(2)	"Commission" means the Environmental Management Commission as organized under Chapter	
14		143B of the General Statutes.	
15	(3)	"Department" means Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. Environmental	
16		Quality.	
17	(4)	"Discovered release" means a release which that an owner or operator, or its employee or agent, has	
18		been made aware of, has been notified of, or has a reasonable basis for knowing has occurred.	
19	(5)	"Dual usage tank" means an underground storage tank which could be considered both a commercial	
20		underground storage tank and a noncommercial underground storage tank and for which both the	
21		commercial and the noncommercial usages are integral to the operation or existence of the tank.	
22	(6)	"Household" means a permanent structure, whether freestanding or connected to other units, used	
23		primarily for living, where primary living space and primary food preparation facilities are	
24		controlled or maintained by the residents. "Household" includes single family houses, mobile	
25		homes, apartments, and single living units, whether or not the residents are related to each other and	
26		whether the units are occupied on a year round or seasonal basis. "Household" does not include	
27		dormitories, hospitals, hotels, motels, apartment buildings (as distinct from the individual	
28		apartments therein), or other multiple dwelling structures. The term "four or fewer households" shall	
29		relate to underground storage tanks serving households only.	
30	<u>(5)(7)</u>	"Landowner" means any record fee owner of real property that contains or contained a commercial	
31		underground storage tank of which he or she does not qualify as an owner or operator pursuant to	
32		G.S. 143-215.94A.	
33	<u>(6)</u>	"Notice of Residual Petroleum" means the recordation of residual petroleum from underground	
34		storage tanks in accordance with G.S. 143B-279.11.	
35	<mark>[(7)](8)</mark>	"Occurrence" means one or more release(s) that result(s) [a release or releases resulting] in a single	
36		plume of soil, [soil contamination,] surface water, [water contamination,] or groundwater	
37		contamination (consisting [contamination, consisting] of free product or dissolved contaminants	

1		exceeding standards specified in 15A NCAC 2L [02L and 15A NCAC 02T .1500] or any other
2		applicable laws, rules or regulations) originating at a single property. [facility as defined by G.S.
3		<mark>143-215.94A(3a).</mark>]
4	<u>(7)[(8)]</u> ((9) "Reasonable and necessary expenditures" means expenditures for the eleanup assessment
5		and remediation of environmental damage performed in accordance with applicable environmental
6		laws and regulations and which laws, regulations, and rules that are essential in determining the
7		extent of contamination, in conducting release response or remediation, or which compensate third
8		parties third-parties for resulting bodily injury and property damage. The Commission shall consider
9		such expenditures reasonable and necessary to the extent that they are supported by documentation,
10		sufficiently documented, are performed in an efficient manner considering comparable costs for
11		labor, equipment, and materials, and utilize cost-efficient methods.
12	(<u>8)[(9)</u>]	"Reasonable Rate Document" means the schedule of costs that the Department has determined to
13		be reasonable and necessary costs for specific tasks pursuant to G.S. 143-215.94E(e5)(3).
14	(10)	"Substantive law, rule, or regulation" shall mean any law, rule, or regulation requiring an owner or
15		operator to perform any act necessary and essential in preventing discharges or releases, in
16		facilitating their early detection, and in mitigating the impact of discharges or releases.
17	<u>(9)[(10)</u>	(11) "Tank in operation" means an underground storage tank into which product is added or
18		from which product is removed for purposes other than closure.
19	<u>(10)</u> [(11	(12) "Tank in use" means an underground storage tank intended for the containment or
20		dispensing of petroleum product.
21	<u>(11)[(12</u>	2)](13) "Underground storage tank" as used in this Subchapter tank" means any Commercial or
22		Noncommercial Underground Storage Tank as defined in G.S. 143-215.94A. A dual usage tank is
23		considered to be a commercial underground storage tank.
24		
25	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94A; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94C; 143-215.94D; 143-215.94E;
26		143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 143B-282;
27		Eff. February 1, 1993;
28		Amended Eff. September 1, 1993. <u>1993;</u>
29		<u>Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>

1	15A NCAC 02P	.0301 is readopted as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:
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3		SECTION .0300 - ANNUAL OPERATING FEES
4	174 NGACIAN	
5	15A NCAC 02P	
6		r operator of each commercial underground storage tank shall pay all annual tank operating fees due
7		cial underground storage tank tank. in accordance with G.S. 143-215.94C. Unpaid operating fees
8		ts, notwithstanding the ownership of the tanks.
9		a shall send an invoice, for the amount of the annual operating fees due, to the owner or operator of
10	•	petroleum underground storage tank in use on January 1 of the year and which has been registered
11	-	nent. The annual operating fee shall be due and payable 30 days following the date of the invoice and
12		d to the Division accordingly.
13	• •	r operator not receiving an invoice for annual operating fees shall still pay any fees due according to
14	the following set	
15	(1)	If the owner or operator has paid annual operating fees for the subject tank in previous years, the
16		payment will be submitted to the Division within 30 days of the anniversary of the last invoicing
17		date for the fees.
18	(2)	If the owner or operator has not previously paid annual operating fees for the subject tank, any
19		annual operating fee is due on 1 January of that year and shall be submitted to the Division
20		accordingly.
21	(d) Any comme	rcial underground storage tank (except commercial underground storage tanks not regulated under
22	15A NCAC 2N)	which was in operation on or after December 22, 1988 and has not been permanently closed in
23	accordance with	15A NCAC 2N .0800, is considered to be in use unless the provisions of G.S. 143215.94D(b)(4) are
24	applicable.	
25	(e) Any annual of	operating fee due on or after January 1, 1992, that is not paid within 30 days of the due date shall be
26	subject to a late p	penalty of five dollars (\$5.00) per day up to an amount equal to the original fee. The late penalty will
27	be assessed base	d on the date of receipt of fee payment by the Division.
28	(f) All annual of	perating fees due for any year are assessed in accordance with the schedule of fees in effect during
29	that year. Payme	nt of fees due for a prior year will be at the rate in effect during that prior year. It is the responsibility
30	of the owner or o	operator to determine that all fees have been paid in accordance with Paragraph (a) of this Rule.
31	(g) In the event	that an annual operating fee was paid for a tank for which a fee was not required, a refund of that fee
32	payment may be	e requested by the owner or operator. A refund will be granted if the owner or operator provides
33	adequate docume	entation that the tank was exempt from the requirement to pay the annual operating fee.
34		
35	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94C; 143-215.94D; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T;
36		143B-282;
37		Eff. February 1, 1993. <u>1993;</u>

Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.

15A NCAC 02P .0302 is readopted as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:

3 15A NCAC 02P .0302 **NOTIFICATION** 4 Any person acquiring ownership of an existing commercial underground storage tank shall provide written notification 5 to the Division Department of this action within 30 days of the date of transfer. This notification must shall indicate 6 the following: 7 Name name and address of the previous owner and the new owner; (1) 8 (2) Name, name, identification number, and street address of the facility; 9 (3) Date date of transfer; 10 (4) Signatures signatures of the transferring owner and the new owner or their authorized 11 representatives. representatives; 12 <u>(5)</u> proof of placement of a Notice of Residual Petroleum for any known release at the site at the time 13 of the transfer of the property; 14 <u>(6)</u> statement of intent of whether the new owner intends to accept eligibility of any previous release 15 from the tank or tanks just acquired; and copy of ownership transfer documents. 16 (7)17 18 History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 143B-282; 19 Eff. February 1, 1993. 1993; Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022. 20

1	15A NCAC 02F	2.0401 is readopted with changes as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:
2		
3		SECTION .0400 - REIMBURSEMENT PROCEDURE
4		
5	15A NCAC 021	
6	(a) Date of Rele	ease.
7	(1)	An owner or operator owner, operator, or landowner of a commercial underground storage tank is
8		not eligible for reimbursement of costs from the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground
9		Storage Tank Cleanup Fund related to releases which were discovered prior to June 30, 1988.
10	(2)	An owner or operator of a noncommercial underground storage tank is eligible for reimbursement
11		of costs without regard to the date a release is discovered. In the case of multiple releases that
12		commingle into one plume, the deductible is established under the first date of release.
13	(3)	An owner or operator of a commercial underground storage tank which qualifies for the
14		Noncommercial Fund pursuant to G.S. 143 215.94D(b)(3) and 143 215.94D(b)(4) is eligible for
15		reimbursement of costs without regard to the date a release is discovered. Only the currently
16		approved eligible party, determined in accordance with Paragraphs (b) through (d) of this Rule, may
17		be reimbursed from the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund.
18	(4)	An owner or operator or landowner of a commercial underground storage tank, from which a release
19		is discovered on or after July 3, 1991, is not eligible for reimbursement from the Commercial Fund
20		if the tank had been removed from the ground more than 120 days prior to the date of discovery of
21		the release. After such time that the Department has notified the eligible [responsible] party that no
22		further action is required for a discharge or release pursuant to 15A NCAC 02L, eligibility may be
23		reapplied for by either the current owner, operator, or landowner or former eligible [responsible]
24		party as applicable and upon receiving eligibility, said party shall be credited for all prior
25		[reimbursed amounts] reimbursable cleanup costs subject to G.S. 143-215.94E(j) and G.S. 143-
26		<u>215.94E(k).</u>
27	(b) An owner of	r operator of a commercial underground storage tank is not eligible for reimbursement for costs related
28	to releases if any	y annual operating fees due have not been paid in accordance with Rule .0301 of this Subchapter prior
29	to discovery. dis	scovery of a release from the tank. A previous owner or operator of a commercial underground storage
30	tank may be elig	gible for reimbursement of costs for cleanup of a release discovered after he or she ceases owning or
31	operating the un	derground storage tank if all fees due during his or her period of ownership and operation have been
32	paid prior to disc	covery of the release. A landowner is eligible for reimbursement of costs without regard to the payment
33	of fees. <u>fees as l</u>	ong as the property has not been transferred to circumvent liability in accordance with this Paragraph.
34	(c) An owner or	: operator <u>owner, operator,</u> or landowner of a commercial or noncommercial underground storage tank
35	is not eligible fo	or reimbursement of any expenditures expended costs which are in excess of the amount determined
36	reasonable in ac	cordance with Rule .0402, .0402 of this Section and which are not necessary in performing cleanup

37 of environmental damage and in compensating third parties third-parties for bodily injury and property damage, and

1	which that are	less than any deductible established for the appropriate fund. Commercial Leaking Petroleum	
2	Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund.		
3	(d) An owner or operator owner, operator, or landowner of a commercial or noncommercial underground storage tank		
4	tank, who is elig	gible for reimbursement under the rules of this Section, may be reimbursed for eligible costs only after	
5	submittal of a	written application of eligibility to the Division, Department, on forms provided by the Division,	
6	Department, wh	nich are located at 217 West Jones Street, Raleigh, NC 27603 and on the Department's website, and	
7	which includes	any information and documentation necessary to determine eligibility and to determine that any	
8	expended costs	are reasonable and necessary. eligibility. An application of eligibility shall include:	
9	<u>(1)</u>	contact information for the applicant;	
10	<u>(2)</u>	site information, including tenant information if applicable;	
11	<u>(3)</u>	inventory of all tanks ever installed on the property;	
12	<u>(4)</u>	release discovery and reporting information;	
13	<u>(5)</u>	tank compliance history;	
14	<u>(6)</u>	disclosure of the existence of environmental liability insurance or any other potential sources of	
15		funding information for the release:	
16	<u>(7)</u>	scaled site map showing location of all tanks and releases;	
17	<u>(8)</u>	tank upgrade information;	
18	<u>(9)</u>	property deeds and bills of sale to confirm ownership history;	
19	<u>(10)</u>	any UST Section inspection records; and	
20	<u>(11)</u>	a notarized affidavit from the applicant.	
21	(e) An owner	or operator of a commercial or noncommercial underground storage tank shall not be eligible for	
22	reimbursement	for costs related to releases if the owner or operator has willfully violated any substantive law, rule, or	
23	regulation appli	cable to underground storage tanks intended to prevent, mitigate, or facilitate the early detection of	
24	discharges or re	leases.	
25	(f) The release	e response and corrective action requirements of any rules of the Commission and of any statute	
26	administered b	y the Department shall not in any way be construed as limited by, or contingent upon, any	
27	reimbursement	from either the Noncommercial Fund or the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage	
28	<u>Tank Cleanup</u> H	fund.	
29			
30	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94N; 143-215.94T;	
31		143B-282;	
32		Eff. February 1, 1993;	
33		Amended Eff. September 1, 1993. <u>1993:</u>	
34		<u>Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>	

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15A NCAC 02P .0402 is readopted as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:

2		
3	15A NCAC 02P	P.0402 CLEANUP COSTS
4	(a) In determinin	ng whether costs expended by an owner or operator <u>owner, operator</u> , or landowner are reasonable and
5	necessary, the D	ivision Department shall consider the following:
6	(1)	Adequacy adequacy and cost-effectiveness of any work performed, and technical activity utilized
7		by the owner or operator owner, operator, or landowner in performing release response, site
8		assessment assessment, and corrective action. action;
9	(2)	Typical billing industry rates of engineering, geological, or other environmental consulting firms
10		providing similar services in the State as determined by the Division. Department:
11	(3)	Typical rental industry rental rates for any necessary equipment equipment, not to exceed the
12		purchase price, as determined by the Department. Division. The mount reimbursed for equipment
13		rental shall not exceed the typical purchase price of such equipment.
14	(4)	Typical costs or industry rates of any other necessary service, labor labor, or expense as determined
15		by the Division. expense; and
16	(5)	Whether whether costs expended for corrective action were required by 15A NCAC 2L. 02L.
17	(b) Expenditure	s not eligible for reimbursement shall include the following:
18	(1)	Costs of the removal and disposal of noncommercial underground storage tanks and contents
19		removed on or after July 3, 1991, and of commercial underground storage tanks and contents
20		removed on or after January 1, 1992; costs that are not eligible to be reimbursed pursuant to G.S.
21		143-215.94B, and any costs associated with noncommercial underground storage tanks;
22	(2)	Costs costs of the replacement of any underground storage tank, piping, fitting, or ancillary
23		equipment; equipment required to operate and maintain a UST system;
24	(3)	Costs costs incurred in preparation of any proposals or bid by a provider of service for the purpose
25		of soliciting or bidding for the opportunity to perform an environmental investigation or cleanup,
26		even if that provider is ultimately selected to provide the service solicited;
27	(4)	Interest on any accounts, loans, etc.; interest of any kind;
28	(5)	Expenses expenses charged by the owner or operator owner, operator, or landowner in the
29		processing and management of a reimbursement application or subsequent claims;
30	(6)	Attorney's attorney's fees;
31	(7)	Penalties, penalties, fees, and fines assessed by any court or agency;
32	(8)	Loss loss of profits, fees, and wages incurred by the owner or operator owner, operator, or
33		landowner;
34	(9)	Costs incurred during cleanup if preapproval of the cleanup tasks and associated costs was not
35		obtained from the Division. Preapproval is not required for assessment activities or for costs
36		determined by the Division to be related to emergency response actions; costs for which pre-
37		approval is required as set forth in G.S. 143-215.94E(e5)(1) and (2), and was not obtained;

1	(10)	Any any other expenses not specifically related to environmental cleanup, or implementation of a
2		cost effective cost-effective environmental cleanup, or third party third-party bodily injury or
3		property damage. damage; and
4	<u>(11)</u>	for any task for which a maximum rate is established in the Reasonable Rate Document, costs in
5		excess of that maximum rate shall not be eligible for reimbursement without prior written pre-
6		approval by the Department.
7	(c) When preap	proval of costs is required and is obtained from the Department, the preapproval is valid for one year
8	from the date fully executed.	
9		
10	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94D; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T;
11		143-215.94V; 143B-282;
12		Eff. February 1, 1993;
13		Amended Eff. September 1, 1993;
14		Temporary Amendment Eff. January 2, 1998; January 2, 1996;
15		Amended Eff. October 29, 1998 (SB 1598);
16		Temporary Amendment Eff. October 1, 1999;
17		Amended Eff. August 1, 2000. <u>2000;</u>
18		<u>Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>

1 2

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- 15A NCAC 02P .0403 is readopted as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:
- 3 15A NCAC 02P .0403 THIRD PARTY THIRD-PARTY CLAIMS
 - 4 (a) An owner or operator seeking reimbursement from the appropriate fund Commercial Leaking Petroleum 5 Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund for any third-party third-party claim for bodily injury or property damage 6 must shall notify the Division Department of any such elaim. claim in accordance with G.S. 143-215.94E(e)(3). The 7 owner or operator must shall provide the Division Department with all pleadings and other related documents if of a 8 third-party damage lawsuit that has been filed. filed prior to entry into settlement agreement or consent judgement for 9 Departmental approval. The owner or operator shall provide to the Division Department copies of any medical reports, 10 statements, investigative reports, or certifications from licensed professionals necessary to determine prove that a 11 claim for bodily injury or property damage is reasonable and necessary. 12 (b) The term third party bodily injury "third-party bodily injury" means specific physical bodily injury proximately 13 resulting from exposure, explosion, or fire caused by the presence of a petroleum release and which is incurred by a 14 person other than the owner or operator, or employees or agents of an owner or operator. 15 (c) The term third party property damage "third-party property damage" means actual physical damage or damage due to specific loss of normal use of property owned by a person other than the owner or operator of an underground 16 17 storage tank from which a release has occurred. A property owner shall not be considered a third party third-party if 18 the property was transferred by the owner or operator of an underground storage tank in anticipation of damage due 19 to a release. Third-party Third-party property damage shall be reimbursed from the appropriate fund Commercial 20 Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund based on the rental costs of comparable property during 21 the period of loss of use up to a maximum amount equal to the fair market value. In the case of property that is actually 22 destroyed as a result of a petroleum release, reimbursement shall be at an amount necessary to replace or repair the 23 destroyed property. 24 Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94D; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 25 History Note:
 - 143B-282;
 - 27 *Eff. February 1, 1993. <u>1993.</u>*
 - 28 <u>Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>

16

17

- 15A NCAC 02P .0404 is readopted as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:
- 3 15A NCAC 02P .0404 REQUESTS FOR REIMBURSEMENT
- 4 (a) After a determination of eligibility, the owner, operator, or landowner may make a request for reimbursement. An
- 5 application <u>A request</u> for reimbursement must shall be made on a form forms located at 217 West Jones Street, Raleigh,
- 6 NC 27603 or on the Department's website provided by the Division. Department only after the determination of
- 7 <u>eligibility has been issued.</u> The application form must accompany the initial reimbursement request. request shall
- 8 <u>include the following:</u>
- 9 (1) notarized certification of the costs form;
- 10 (2) <u>notarized certification of payment to subcontractors form, if applicable;</u>
- 11 (3) <u>summary of work performed form;</u>
- 12 (4) reimbursement payment information form;
- 13 (5) certification of remediation system installation form, if applicable;
- 14 (6) itemized breakdown of the requested reimbursement, primary and secondary claim forms; and
- 15 (7) supporting documentation of the itemized costs, such as the following:
 - (A) <u>subcontractor invoices;</u>
 - (B) correspondence from regulatory agencies;
- 18 <u>(C)</u> <u>invoices;</u>
- 19 (D) bills of lading;
- 20 (E) per diem receipts;
- 21 (F) <u>field logs; and</u>
- 22 <u>(G)</u> <u>reports.</u>
- 23 (b) A request for reimbursement shall include copies of any documentation required by the Division to determine that

24 expended costs are reasonable and necessary. Proof of completion of work and payment must shall accompany any

- 25 request for reimbursement, except when reimbursement will be is made jointly to the owner or operator owner,
- 26 <u>operator</u>, or landowner and either a provider of service or a third party third-party claimant. The Division may require
- 27 the owner or operator or landowner to submit any information required for the purpose of substantiating any claim for
- 28 reimbursement on forms provided by the Division.
- 29 (c) A request for reimbursement may be returned or additional information requested by the Division, Department, if
- 30 it is found to be incomplete.
- 31 (d) The Division Department shall reimburse an owner or operator eligible owner, operator, or landowner for expenses
- 32 following completion of any significant phase of cleanup work or in accordance with the schedule allowed by G.S.
- 33 <u>143-215.94E(e).</u> <u>143-215.94E(e2).</u>
- 34 (e) If any amount approved for reimbursement is less than the amount of reimbursement requested, the Division
- 35 <u>Department</u> shall issue a written explanation of why the amount requested was not approved.
- 36

1	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94G; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T;
2		143B-282;
3		Eff. February 1, 1993;
4		Amended Eff. September 1, 1993. <u>1993;</u>
5		<u>Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>

15A NCAC 02P .0405 is readopted with changes as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:

- 3 15A NCAC 02P .0405 METHOD OF REIMBURSEMENT
- 4 (a) Reimbursement for cleanup costs shall be made only to an owner or operator eligible owner, operator, or
- 5 landowner of a petroleum underground storage tank, or jointly to an owner or operator owner, operator, or landowner
- 6 and a provider of service.
- 7 (b) Reimbursement of cleanup costs to the owner or operator owner, operator, or landowner shall be made only after
- 8 proof of <u>completion of work and</u> payment for such costs has been received by the <u>Division</u>. <u>Department</u>.
- 9 (c) Joint reimbursement of cleanup costs shall be made to an owner or operator owner, operator, or landowner and a
- 10 provider of service only upon receipt of a written agreement acknowledged by both parties. Any reimbursement check
- 11 shall be sent directly to the owner or operator <u>owner, operator</u>, or landowner.
- 12 (d) Payment of third party third-party claims shall be made to the owner or operator, or jointly to the owner or operator
- 13 and the third party third-party claimant.
- 14 (e) Any request for reimbursement that has not been returned to the owner, operator, or landowner, or reimbursed to

15 the owner, operator, or landowner within 90 days of submittal of such a request may be considered by the owner,

- 16 operator, or landowner as having been denied by the [Department.] Department in accordance with G.S. 143-
- 17 <u>215.94E(e2).</u>
- 18
- 19 History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 143B-282;
- 20 *Eff. February 1, 1993;*
- 21 Amended Eff. September 1, 1993. <u>1993;</u>
- 22 <u>Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>

30

15A NCAC 02P .0406 is readopted with changes as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:

- 3 15A NCAC 02P .0406 REIMBURSEMENT APPORTIONMENT
 - 4 (a) Where multiple occurrences are addressed in a single cleanup action, expenses will be reimbursed based on
 - 5 apportionment among the occurrences. The method of apportionment will be as follows:
 - 6 (1) Expenses related directly to a particular occurrence shall be applied only to that occurrence;
 - 7
 (2)
 Expenses that are related to more than one occurrence will be apportioned equally among the

 8
 occurrences.
 - 9 (a)(b) Where If not all any of the underground storage tanks at a single facility contributing to a discharge or release
- 10 which resulted in a single plume of soil, surface water, or groundwater contamination pursuant to G.S. 143-
- 11 <u>215.94B(b1) an occurrence</u> are <u>not</u> eligible for reimbursement, reimbursement will shall be made at a rate equal to the
- 12 number of tanks contributing to the occurrence which discharge or release that are eligible for reimbursement divided
- 13 by the total number of tanks contributing to the <u>discharge or release.</u> occurrence.
- 14 (b)(c) If multiple underground storage tanks at a single facility property are contributing to a single discharge or
- 15 release which resulted in a single plume of soil, surface water, or groundwater contamination, occurrence and the
- 16 tanks are owned or operated by different persons, reimbursement may be made to any of the owners or operators as if
- 17 the occurrence <u>discharge or release</u> were caused solely <u>entirely</u> by that person's underground storage tanks.
- 18 (c) If [multiple storage tanks, either] above ground [or underground,] and underground storage tanks at a single facility
- 19 are both contributing to a single [occurrence,] discharge or release which resulted in a single plume of soil, surface
- 20 <u>water, or groundwater contamination</u>, reimbursement shall be apportioned based upon the volume of eligible tanks
- 21 divided by the total volume of all tanks contributing to the release.
- 22 (d) Where multiple discharges or releases at a single facility which resulted in separate plume of soil, surface water,
- 23 or groundwater contamination pursuant to G.S. 143-215.94B(b1) [occurrences] are addressed in a single cleanup
- 24 action, expenses shall be reimbursed based on apportionment among the discharges or releases. [occurrences.] The
- 25 method of apportionment shall be as follows:
- 26
 (1)
 expenses related to a particular discharge or release [occurrence] shall be applied only to that

 27
 discharge or release; [occurrence;] or
- 28 (2) expenses that are related to more than one discharge or release [occurrence] shall be apportioned on
 29 a pro rata basis among the discharges or releases. [occurrences.]
- 31 *History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T; 143B-282;*
- 32 *Eff. February 1, 1993. <u>1993;</u>*
- 33 <u>Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.</u>

1 2 15A NCAC 02P .0407 is readopted with changes as published in 36:20 NCR 1616 as follows:

- 3 15A NCAC 02P .0407 FINAL ACTION APPEAL RIGHTS
- 4 (a) The Director, or his delegate, Underground Storage Tank Section Chief, or Trust Fund Branch Head of the Division
- 5 of Waste Management shall make the agency decision on a written application for eligibility for reimbursement from
- 6 the appropriate fund. <u>Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund.</u> The Director, or his
- 7 delegate, <u>Underground Storage Tank Section Chief, or Trust Fund Branch Head</u> shall make the agency decision on
- 8 any written request claim for reimbursement made subsequent to an initial application. once an applicant has been

9 granted eligibility.

- 10 (b) An owner or operator owner, operator, or landowner who has not received a written notification of decision been
- 11 denied <u>of</u> eligibility <u>to or</u> for reimbursement from the <u>appropriate fund</u> <u>Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground</u>
 12 <u>Storage Tank Cleanup Fund within 90 days of after</u> submittal of a written application in accordance with the
- 13 procedures <u>rules</u> of this Subchapter, or who has had any written reimbursement request denied after submittal in
- accordance with the procedures of this Subchapter, shall be notified of the right to petition for a contested case in the
- 15 Office of Administrative Hearings in accordance with the procedure set out in G.S. 150B 23. The Secretary of the
- 16 Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources shall make the final agency decision in any contested case
- 17 pursuant to G.S. 150B-36. Subchapter may elect to consider the application to have been denied and may file an appeal
- 18 in accordance with G.S. 143-215.94E(e2). [as provided in Article 3 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.]
- 19 (c) An owner, operator, or landowner who has received a written notification of eligibility to or for reimbursement
- 20 from the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund after submittal of a written
- 21 application in accordance with the rules of this Subchapter and disagrees with the notification may elect to file an
- 22 informal appeal supplying additional information. Following review of the additional information, the Director,
- 23 Underground Storage Tank Section Chief, or Trust Fund Branch Head shall issue a written agency decision. If the
- 24 written decision by the Director, Underground Storage Tank Section Chief, or Trust Fund Branch Head does not
- 25 change the original decision of eligibility to or for reimbursement from the Commercial Leaking Petroleum
- 26 <u>Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund, the Department shall notify the owner, operator, or landowner of the right</u>
- 27 to petition for a contested case in the Office of Administrative Hearings in accordance with G.S. 150B-23.
- 28 (d) An owner, operator, or landowner who has received a written notification of eligibility to or for reimbursement
- 29 from the Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund after submittal of a written
- 30 application in accordance with the rules of this Subchapter and disagrees with the notification may elect to file a
- 31 petition for a contested case in the Office of Administrative Hearings in accordance with G.S. 150B-23 without
- 32 providing any additional information.
- 33
- 34 History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.3; 143-215.94B; 143-215.94D; 143-215.94E; 143-215.94L; 143-215.94T;
 35 143B-282; 150B-23; 150B-36;
 36 Eff. February 1, 1993;
- 37 *Amended Eff. September 1, 1993. <u>1993</u>;*

Readopted Eff. September 1, 2022.

1

Montie, Jessica

From:	Hollis, Carrie
Sent:	December 9, 2021 5:59 PM
То:	Montie, Jessica; Jackson, Vance; Hardison, Nancy D; Everett, Jennifer; Randolph, Wayne; Ryals, Scott;
	Everett, Jennifer
Cc:	Snyder, Ashley B; McGhee, Dana; Grozav, Anca
Subject:	Approval - Commercial Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund, 15A NCAC 02P
Attachments:	DEQ_2021-12-09.pdf

OSBM has reviewed the Division of Waste Management's proposed changes to rules 15A NCAC 02P .0101-.0103; .0201-.0202; .0301-.0302; and .0401-.0407 in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.4 and with E.O. 70 from 10/21/2010 as amended by E.O. 48 from 4/9/2014. The regulatory impact analysis has been approved for publication. Please ensure that the state and local government impacts are included in the Notice of Text and that the NC League of Municipalities and Association of County Commissioners are notified.

The .pdf file of the rule impact analysis (attached) will be posted on our website at the following URL (please allow for some time):

https://files.nc.gov/ncosbm/documents/files/DEQ_2021-12-09.pdf

Carrie Hollis Principal Economic Analyst NC Office of State Budget and Management carrie.hollis@osbm.nc.gov



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